

### ! CAUTION

- All wiring should be done by a licensed electrician in accordance with state codes, local codes, and National Electric Code (NEC) standards or International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) standards.
- Improper installation may result in serious injury and void warranty.
- Contains parts and assemblies susceptible to damage by electrostatic discharge (ESD).
- Surge protective devices should be utilized for fixtures installed in environments subject to power surges outside the specified operating parameters.

### Wiring

1. Disconnect power.
2. Open driver box by loosening all ten (10) captive M5 screws using an M4 Allen wrench.
3. Disconnect internal power connection to driver.
4. Remove the four (4) M4 Phillips head screws that attach driver to housing.
5. Remove driver.
6. Attach new driver to driver housing using four (4) M4 Phillips head screws. Tighten securely.
7. Connect power to driver. Green/yellow is ground (PE), brown is hot and blue is common. Connect red (+) to white and blue (-) to black.
8. Close driver box ensuring the gasket is aligned with the screw placement.
9. Tighten all ten (10) captive M5 screws using an M4 Allen wrench. Torque to 20 lb-in.
10. Reconnect power to lighting fixture.

### Maintenance

Periodic maintenance and cleaning is required to keep light fixture in peak operating condition. Buildup of dirt and/or debris will diminish performance, lead to premature failure and void the fixture's warranty.

1. Inspect fixture monthly (or more frequently if conditions require) for dirt and debris buildup on lenses and between fins of heatsink. Wash down with water as needed.
2. Inspect fasteners and verify cord grips are tight. Retighten as needed.  
**Note:** Cord grips should be hand tight plus ¼ turn.

